

## **Child Vaccination Guidelines**

Take an active part in planning your child's health care by knowing what vaccinations they need and when to get them. Vaccines can protect your child from common diseases and illnesses.

Talk with your health care provider if you have questions about your child's health.

See below for the recommended schedule and the QR codes to the Vaccine Information Statements.

| Age   | Recommended Vaccines for All  |
|---|---|
| Birth to 8 months   | RSV-mAB   |
| 2 months  | DTaP'-HepB'-IPV' PCV20' Hib' RV1  |
| 4 months  | DTaP'-HepB'-IPV' PCV20' Hib' RV1  |
| 6 months  | DTaP'-HepB'-IPV' PCV20'   |
| 12 months   | HepA <sup>*</sup> VAR <sup>*</sup>  |
| 15 months   | PCV20° Hib°   |
| 18 months   | DTaP' HepA'   |
| 4 to 6 years  | DTaP-IPV' VAR' VAR'   |
| 11 to 12 years  | Tdap* MCV4* HPV9 (2 dose series, as early as age 9*)  |
| 16 years  | MCV4*+  |
| Recommended <u>every year</u> for everyone 6 months and older | Influenza**   |
| Recommended for everyone<br>6 months and older                | 1vCOV-mRNA (1- or 2-dose primary series, and 1 seasonal dose for all)                                       |
| Age   | Recommended Vaccines for Some   |
| 16 years  | MenB (2 dose series) Talk with your health care provider about if the MenB vaccine is right for your child. |

- \* Vaccines included in the Minnesota School Immunization Law.
- #Three doses of HPV9 are needed for people ages 15 to 45.
- + One dose of MCV4 is needed for previously unvaccinated first-year college students ages 19 to 21 who are or will be living in a residence hall.
- \*\*Children younger than age 9 require 2 doses of the influenza (flu) vaccine at least 1 month apart the first time they are vaccinated.

- RSV-mAB: respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) monoclonal antibody nirsevimab (Beyfortus™)
- DTaP-HepB-IPV: diphtheria, tetanus and acellular pertussis + hepatitis B + inactivated poliovirus vaccine (Pediarix®)
- PCV20: pneumococcal 20-valent conjugate vaccine (Prevnar 20<sup>™</sup>)
- **Hib**: haemophilus influenza type b conjugate vaccine (PedvaxHIB®)
- RV1: rotavirus vaccine, oral (Rotarix®)
- **HepA**: hepatitis A vaccine (Havrix®)

- DTaP: diphtheria, tetanus and acellular pertussis vaccine (Infanrix®)
- MMR: measles, mumps, rubella vaccine (Priorix<sup>™</sup>)
- VAR: varicella (Varivax®)
- Tdap: tetanus + diphtheria toxoids and acellular pertussis vaccine, adolescent/ adult (Boostrix®)
- MCV4: meningococcal conjugate vaccine, quadrivalent (Menveo®)
- DTaP-IPV: diphtheria, tetanus and acellular pertussis + inactivated poliovirus (Kinrix®)

- HPV9: human papillomavirus vaccine (Gardasil® 9)
- Influenza: trivalent inactivated influenza vaccine – IIV3 (FluLaval™)
- 1vCOV-mRNA: COVID-19 vaccine mRNA monovalent (Spikevax<sup>™</sup>, Moderna)
- MenB: meningococcal group B vaccine (Bexsero®)

## **Vaccine Information Statements**

To learn more about each vaccine, go to <u>immunize.org/vis/vis english.asp</u> and choose a vaccine statement. Or, use your smart phone's camera over the QR code of your choice.



First vaccine



DTaP (diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis) vaccine



Hepatitis B vaccine



IPV (polio) vaccine



PCV (pneumonia) vaccine



Hib (haemophilus influenza type b conjugate) vaccine



RV1 (rotavirus) vaccine



Hepatitis A vaccine



MMR (measles, mumps, rubella) vaccine



VAR (varicella) vaccine



Tdap (tetanus, diphtheria, pertussis) vaccine



MCV4 (meningococcal conjugate) vaccine



HPV (human papillomavirus) vaccine



MenB (meningococcal group B) vaccine



Influenza (inactive) vaccine



Influenza (live) vaccine



COVID-19 vaccine Moderna



RSV Monoclonal Antibody