

Colonoscopy — SUPREP®

Take in the Evening and Morning

Colonoscopy

A colonoscopy is a procedure that lets your health care provider see your large intestine (colon). This procedure is done using a long, flexible tube (a "scope") that passes into your rectum and through your colon.

The procedure takes about 15 to 30 minutes.

The Week Before Your Procedure

- You may receive a phone call from a nurse within 1 week of your procedure.
- Tell your primary care provider if you:
 - take warfarin (Jantoven®) or any type of blood thinners
 - take insulin or a diabetes pill. He or she may want to change your dosages.
- Three days before your procedure, stop taking iron pills or iron supplements. Do not eat popcorn, seeds or nuts.
- Tell the health care provider performing your procedure if you:
 - are allergic to any medicines or latex
 - are pregnant
 - have bleeding after surgery.
- ☐ Arrange to have someone drive you home and stay with you for 24 hours after your procedure. You will not be able to drive after your procedure. You cannot take public transportation home alone.
- You will not be able to return to work after the procedure.

Your Procedure
Location:
Health care provider:
Date:
Arrival time:a.m. / p.m.
Procedure time: a.m. / p.m.
Phone number:
Call the phone number above if you have questions about your procedure. If you need to cancel or reschedule, please call at least 24 hours before your procedure.

Two Days Before Your Procedure

☐ Fill your prescription for SUPREP® at your pharmacy.

The Day Before Your Procedure

- For the entire day: follow a clear liquid diet. A clear liquid diet consists of water, clear broth or bouillon, soda pop, sports beverages, gelatin (no red gelatin), frozen ice treats on a stick, coffee or tea, and fruit juices without pulp (apple, white grape). You may also have hard candy. **Do not eat solid food.**
- Drink at least 8 glasses of water.
- **Do not drink:** tomato juice; orange juice; any red-, orange-, purple- or dark blue-colored liquids; alcoholic beverages; milk or non-dairy creamer. **Do not eat any solid food.**

- You may use healing ointment (Vaseline®, Desitin®) on the area around your anus to protect your skin from getting sore.
- ☐ You will take two doses of SUPREP: one in the evening before your procedure and another the morning of your procedure.
 - ☐ At ___ p.m.: mix your **first dose** of SUPREP (6-ounce bottle of SUPREP liquid and cool drinking water) by following the instructions on the box.
 - Drink all of the mixture.
 - Drink two 16-ounces glasses of water within the next 1 hour.
 - ☐ At ___ a.m.: mix your **second dose** of SUPREP and repeat the steps above.

Important: You must finish drinking the second dose (mixture and two glasses of water) at least 2 hours before your procedure.

The Day of Your Procedure

- Take any other regular medicines with a small sip of water the morning of your procedure.
- You may have clear liquids up to 4 hours before you are scheduled to arrive for your procedure.
- When you arrive for your procedure, check in at the registration desk.
- Your driver should plan on staying in the facility during your procedure.
- You will be asked to wear a hospital gown and slippers.
- A nurse will review your medical history with you. You will be asked to sign a consent form.
- A nurse will insert an intravenous (IV) line into your hand or arm.

Will It Be Uncomfortable?

- You will be given medicine through an IV line to help you relax and reduce your pain. The medicine may put you to sleep.
- You may feel cramping and gas-like pain.
- Take slow deep breaths to help you relax.
- Tell your health care provider or nurse if you are uncomfortable.

After Your Procedure

- You must have someone drive you home and stay with you for 24 hours after your procedure. If you do not have an adult to drive you home, your procedure will be canceled. You cannot take public transportation home alone.
- Do not return to work after your procedure.
- You may resume your normal foods, beverages and medicines.
- Your stools may not return to normal for 3 to 5 days.
- Your health care provider will talk with you about any problems.

If You Had a Polyp Removed or Other Biopsy Taken

- Look for signs of bleeding such as black or red stools. You may have bleeding up to 2 weeks after your procedure.
- You will receive your results in 1 to 2 weeks.

When to Call Your Health Care Provider

Call your health care provider if you have one or more of the following after your procedure:

- any unusual abdominal or shoulder pain
- temperature higher than 100.5 F
- chills
- rectal bleeding.