

RELATIVE ENERGY DEFICENCY IN SPORT

The female athlete

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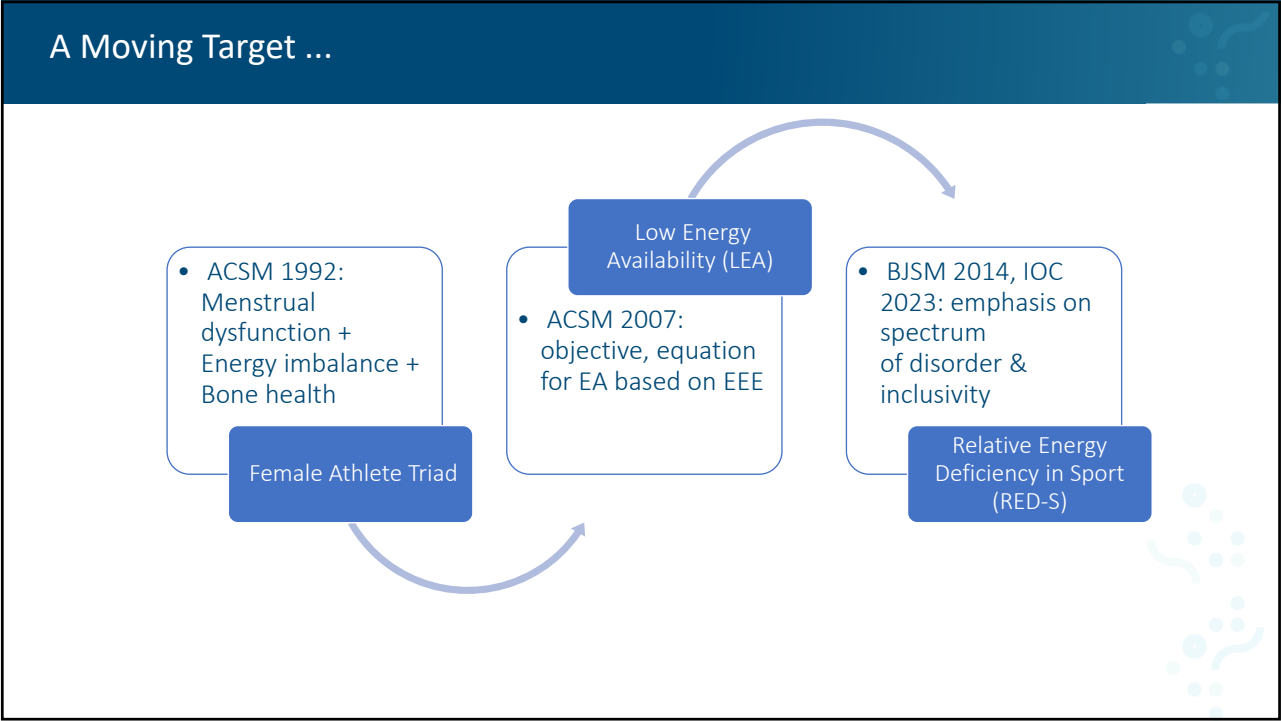


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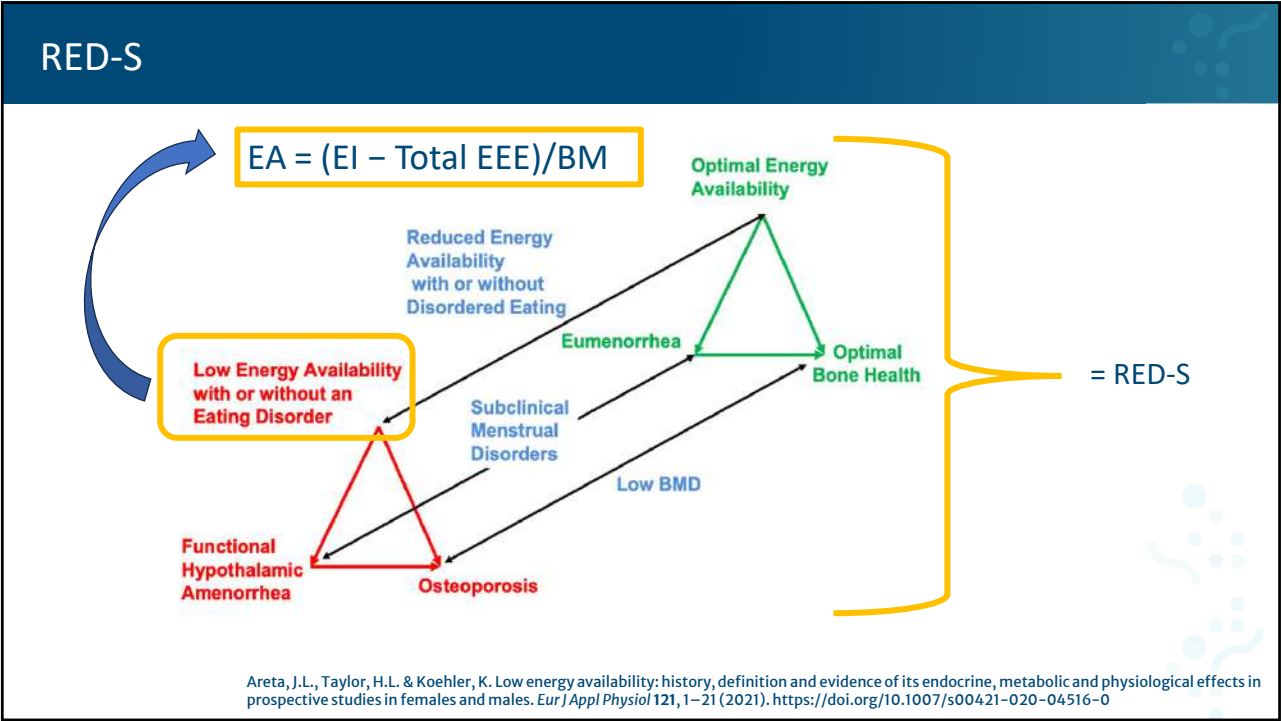
Objectives

1. Define Female Athlete Triad, LEA, & RED-S
2. Identify high-risk RED-S signs & symptoms
3. Anticipate complications of RED-S to ensure patient safety & optimize performance
4. Define RED-S management principles

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Epidemiology

Prevalence of secondary amenorrhea:

- General population: 2-5%
- Athletes/Sport: ???
 - Difficult to quantify, difficult to identify
 - Differs based on sport
 - 69% dancers
 - 62% runners
 - 33-60% of Nordic skiers*



Eating Disorders Awareness week, and a Brave Enough book excerpt!



<https://jessiediggins.com/>

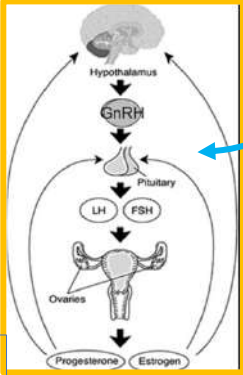
*Smith EM, Drager K, Groves EM, Gabel L, Boyd SK, Burt LA. New approach to identifying elite winter sport athletes' risk of relative energy deficiency in sport (REDs). BMJ Open Sport Exerc Med. 2025 Jan 30;11(1):e002320. doi: 10.1136/bmjsem-2024-002320. PMID: 39897986; PMCID: PMC11784212.

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RED-S

2023 International Olympic Committee's (IOC) consensus statement on Relative Energy Deficiency in Sport (REDs)

Margo Mountjoy^{1,2}, Kathryn E Ackerman³, David M Bailey⁴, Louise M Burke⁵, Naama Constantini⁶, Anthony C Hackney⁷, Ida Aliisa Heikura^{8,9}, Anna Melin¹⁰, Anne Marte Pensgaard¹¹, Trent Stellingwerff^{6,9}, Jorunn Kalandor Sundgot-Borgen¹², Monica Klungland Torstveit¹³, Astrid Uhlenholdt Jacobsen¹⁴, Evert Verhaagen¹⁵, Richard Budgett¹⁶, Lars Engebretsen¹⁶, Uğur Erdener^{17,18}





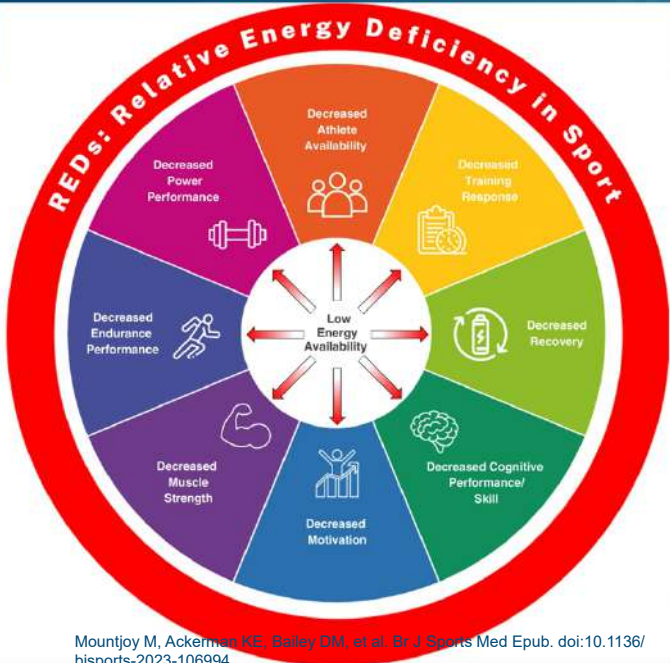
Popat VB, Prodanov T, Calis KA, Nelson LM. Ann N Y Acad Sci. 2008;1135:43-51. doi: 10.1196/annals.1429.040. 18574207.

Mountjoy M, Ackerman KE, Bailey DM, et al. Br J Sports Med Epub. doi:10.1136/bjsports-2023-106994.

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Patient Presentation





Mountjoy M, Ackerman KE, Bailey DM, et al. Br J Sports Med Epub. doi:10.1136/bjsports-2023-106994.

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RED-S Screening

IOC REDs CAT2

International Olympic Committee (IOC) Relative Energy Deficiency in Sport (REDs) Clinical Assessment Tool Version 2 (IOC REDs CAT2)

For use by medical professional only

Name: _____

Date: _____

Examiner: _____

female athlete REDs labs

★ ☐ CALCIUM

★ ☐ DHEA-SULFATE (DHEA-S)

★ ☐ ESTRADIOL

★ ☐ FSH

★ ☐ HcG

★ ☐ LH

Stress Fracture

★ ☐ ⁴⁵Ca

★ ☐ ²⁵vit D

★ ☐ progesterone

★ ☐ PROLACTIN

★ ☐ TESTOSTERONE BIOAVAILABLE & FREE

★ ☐ TSH WITH REFLEX

★ ☐ VITAMIN D 25 (DEFICIENCY)

★ ☐ SCAN-BONE DENSITOMETRY DEXA



- HPI
 - Injuries: BSI?
 - Nutrition, DE
 - Repro: LMP, menarche,
 - Obstetric*
 - FHx
 - ROS***
- Objective/physical exam
 - VSS, weight *
 - PHQ-9, GAD-7, LEAF-Q,
 - Derm**
- Labs

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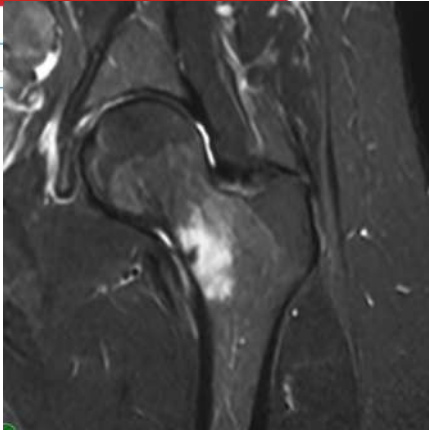
RED-S Screening

IOC REDs CAT2

International Olympic Committee (IOC) Relative Energy Deficiency in Sport (REDs) Clinical Assessment Tool Version 2 (IOC REDs CAT2)

For use by medical professional only

Name:



- **"severe primary indicators"**
 - **Primary amenorrhea:** menarche >15, or 14 w/o secondary signs
 - **Prolonged secondary amenorrhea >12 months**
 - low free T or total T
- **"primary indicators"**
 - **Secondary amenorrhea:** skipped menses, absence of 3-11 consecutive cycles
 - Sub-clinically low T or total T
 - 1+ **"high risk" stress fractures**
 - **2+ "low risk" stress fractures**
 - Sub-clinically low T3/Thyroid dysfunction
 - Deviation in growth curves in pediatric patients
 - **Abnormal DEXA scans**
 - Diagnosis of **DSM-V eating disorder**
- **"secondary indicators"**
 - Oligomenorrhea (>35days)
 - Elevated LDL or TC
 - Single "low risk" stress fracture within 6 months of menstrual changes

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DEXA Scans

T Score	Z Score
• Compared to female age at highest BMD (ie: late 20's) • Typically >65yo • Post-menopausal • T-score < -2.5 = osteoporosis	• Compared to an age-matched female with optimum BMD • Cannot compare to highest BMD (often younger than 30yo) • Used for (hopefully) menstruating pt • Problematic if Z-score < -1.0 • < -1.0 = LBM for WB athletes • Most specific FN or Total Hip (whichever is lowest)



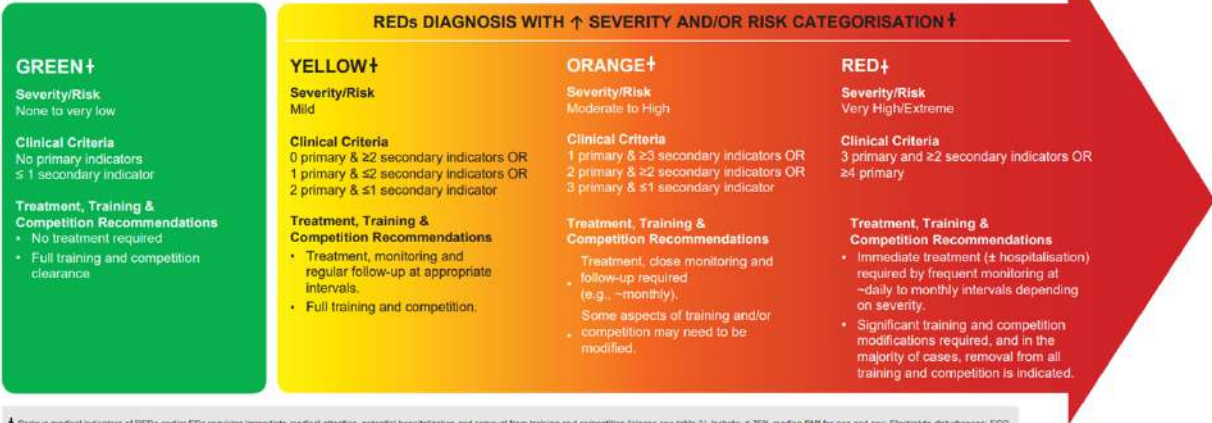
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RED-S Management

- Other potential indicators:
- extreme bradycardia <40bpm in adults, or <50bpm in adolescents
 - Symptomatic orthostatic hypotension



† Serious medical indicators of REDs and/or EDs requiring immediate medical attention, potential hospitalization and removal from training and competition (please see table 3). Include: ≤ 75% median BMI for age and sex; Electrolyte disturbances; ECG abnormalities (e.g., prolonged QTc interval or severe bradycardia (Adult: HR ≤ 30 bpm; Adolescent: HR ≤ 45 bpm)); Severe hypotension: ≤ 90/45 mmHg; Orthostatic intolerance (Adult & Adolescent) a supine to standing systolic BP drop > 20 mmHg and a diastolic drop > 10 mmHg; Failure of outpatient ED treatment program; Acute medical complications of malnutrition; Any condition that inhibits medical treatment and monitoring while training and/or competing.

<https://stillmed.olympics.com/media/Documents/Athletes/Medical-Scientific/Consensus-Statements/REDs/IOC-REDs-CAT-V2.pdf>

RED-S Management

1. Ensure safety:
 - Risk stratification
 - Sport participation clearance
 - Role for "contracts"
2. Create a multidisciplinary medical team:
 - Team physician
 - Athletic trainer
 - Sports Nutrition / dietician
 - Sports psychologist / psychiatrist
 - +/- Endo, Gyn
 - **coaches
3. Diligent & frequent follow up:
 - Determined by medications started/stopped



Take Home Points

1. Don't be scared of the mensurating female
2. RED-S has complicated pathophysiology, but recognizing it doesn't have to be
 - RED CAT-2
3. Diagnosing RED-S is important for sport performance, but paramount for the athlete's long-term health

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Q&A

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