

Objectives



- Identify potential perinatal mental health concerns
- Consider basic treatment options for low risk cases
- Give basic strategies for emergency management
- Understand when to consider a referral to the perinatal psychiatry team

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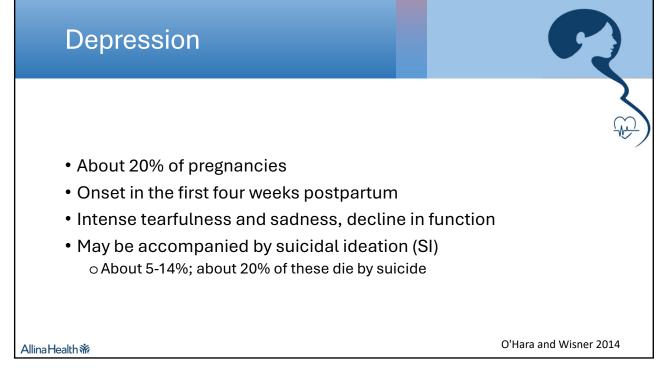
Clinical Case



- 37 year old G3P1 female with a history of depression and anxiety now about 2 weeks postpartum
- Pregnancy was largely uneventful
- Delivery went well but was induced
- Calling with sudden onset suicidal ideation and low mood
- No safety concerns today but feels she has no options

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Impact of Depression



- Associated with preterm delivery and increased rates of preeclampsia and gestational diabetes
- Low birth weight, decreased motor tone, higher cortisol level, and decreased reflexes

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Mood Assessment



- Screening tools: PHQ-9, GAD, EDPS, PASS, MDQ, ACE
- Labs: TSH, vitamin D, and vitamin B12
- Discuss substance use, trauma, and relationship to pregnancy and motherhood
- Consider prior episodes, especially postpartum

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Depression vs. Baby Blues

Baby Blues

- Up to 80%
- Sudden onset
- Less severe symptoms
- Resolves within 2-3 weeks
- Unlikely to have SI

Depression

- Slower onset
- More severe symptoms
- Likely persists without treatment
- More likely to have SI

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Postpartum Psychosis



- 1-2/1000 births
- Thought to be part of the bipolar spectrum
- Risk factors: primiparity, personal history, family history, stopping medications
- Hallmarks: insomnia, confusion, onset within the first week after delivery, auditory hallucinations, fluctuates
- Conversion to bipolar disorder is approximately 80%
- Infanticide 1-4%

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Anxiety and OCD



- Can worsen significantly in the postpartum period
- Often focused on baby's safety
- Distressing, intrusive thoughts
- Not high risk for harming baby
- · Concern for attachment and avoidance or neglect of cares

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PTSD



- Can be related to prior birthing experience
- Nightmares, flashbacks, avoidance, hypervigilance, sudden anger/irritability, and depersonalization
- Acute or chronic
- Recognized more and more clinically

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Risk-Risk Discussion Model



- Minimize number and amount of exposures
- Untreated anxiety and depression are considered exposures
- Balance of managing symptoms and minimizing risk from treating psychiatric symptoms
- Suddenly stopping medications poses significant risk

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Planning and Prevention



- Plan support system and educate everyone
- Discuss a protected sleep plan, especially if breastfeeding
- · Maximize behavioral strategies ahead of time
- Use medications with safety data when possible

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Medication Options



- SSRIs and SNRIs are generally safe
- Hydroxyzine is a safe, first line option for acute anxiety
- Avoid benzos but lorazepam is the safest if needed
- Haloperidol is safe and effective
- Lamotrigine and mood stabilizers (AEDs) generally need to have increased doses throughout pregnancy

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Lithium

- · Safe in pregnancy and breastfeeding
- Specific strategies to minimize risks
 - o Monitor levels monthly due to changes in kidney function
 - o Monitor weekly after 34 weeks
 - Stop 24 hours prior to delivery and restart at half the previous dose postpartum
 - Keep level at 0.8 during the first four weeks before returning to prior level
 - o Infant monitoring after birth as well per pediatrics

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18

Basic Safety Assessment



- "Do you feel safe/able to keep yourself safe at home?"
- "Is there anything specific you think about doing to hurt yourself or steps you have taken to act on this?"
- "Who do you have for support?"
- Try to get collateral information if possible
- Consider environment

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Risk Factors for Perinatal suicide



- Prior psychiatric diagnoses
- Prior suicidal behaviors
- History of trauma
- Primiparity
- Stopping medication
- Lack of treatment
- Medical comorbidity

- Younger age
- Unwanted pregnancy
- Low SES
- Lack of social support
- Avoidance of healthcare service due to stigma or fear of losing their child

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In an ideal world...



- Mother Baby Units
 - o Specialized, inpatient psychiatric care
 - o Residential treatment focused on improving the mother-baby dyad
 - About 8 week stays
 - o Supports and partners included in care as well
 - o More common in other parts of the world

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In reality...



- Currently 5 inpatient units in the US
- Most are general inpatient psychiatric stays
 - o Pumps available
 - o Less family involvement
 - o Babys visit but do not stay on the unit
- Day treatment programs
 - o RedLeaf PHP
 - o Prairie Care PHP
 - o Nystrom and Associates IOP

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A note about psychologic concerns



- PTSD may develop related to delivery
- Infertility and loss are also significant
- May require specialized care as well

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24

Perinatal Psychiatry Team







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How to Order an E-Consult

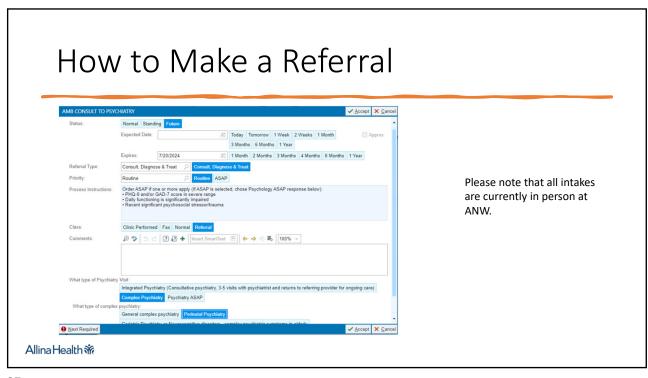


Use the current E-Consult order and select perinatal.

Please make sure to put a specific question with any needed context in the comment box.

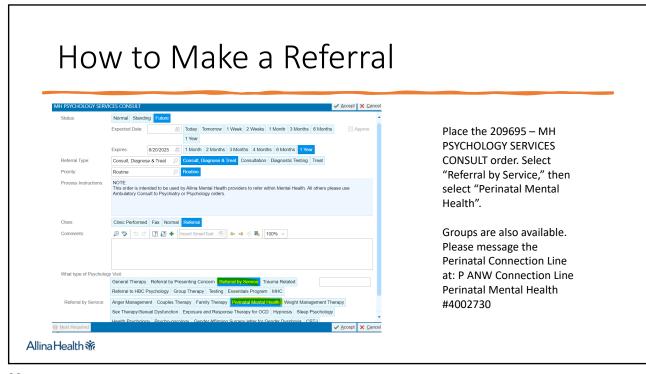
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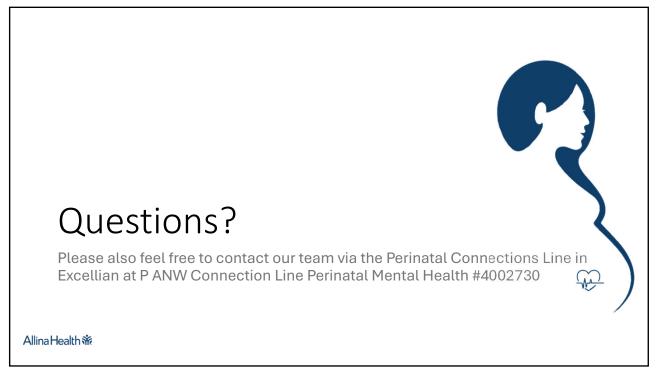
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28





30

