DIFFICULT PATIENTS:

CHALLENGES AND CHOICES

Louise C. Miller, RTRM, CRT, FSBI, FNCBC Director of Educator: Mammography Educators LLC

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OBJECTIVES

- · Identify specific challenging patient populations
- · List methods for documentation of patient conditions
- · Discuss options for additional views

Positioning Dilemmas of Mammography

- Unique patient circumstances
- Patient limitations
- ·Body habitus issues

Challenging Patients

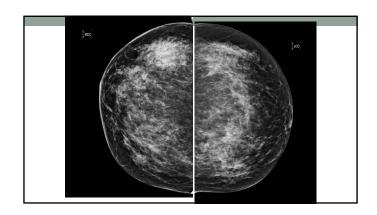
- · Challenges with patient circumstances
- Challenges with body habitus issues
- Patients with challenging personalities

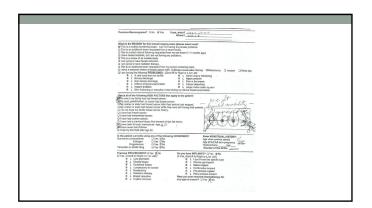
Positioning Dilemmas of Mammography

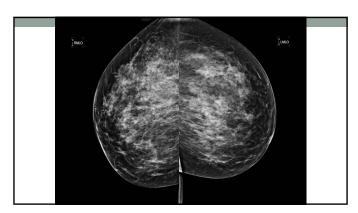
- Unique patient circumstances
- "Transportation" issues
- Pacemakers, portacaths, defibulators, shunts

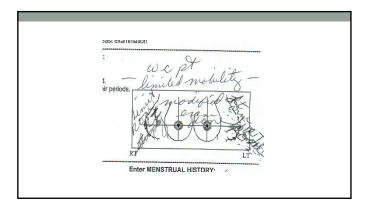
Unique patient circumstances:

- "Transportation Issues"
- Wheelchairs
- Gurneys
- Scooters



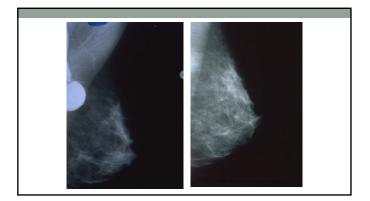






Unique patient circumstances Pacemakers, portacaths, shunts

2/29/2020 Lec 7 UPDATE





Try something different

· Do the opposite

Instead of the CC do the FB Instead of the MLO do LM

Can't stand unassisted

Do her seated in a chair or if confined to a wheelchair remove the arms if possible

Positioning Dilemmas of Mammography

· Patient limitations

Special needs:

- Can't stand unassisted
- Limited ROM neck, shoulder, arm etc.
- Partial or full paralysis
- Overly medicated
- Developmentally disabledElderly, InfirmConfused

Limited ROM Full or Partial Paralysis

- · Mostly does not affect CC
- If you can't do a MLO...do a LM or ML
- · For visualization of UOQ do slightly angled AT

Positioning Dilemmas of Mammography

Patient limitations

Special needs:

- Overly medicated
- Developmentally disabledElderly, InfirmConfused

Lec 7 UPDATE

When in doubt.....

- Don't push it!
- · Document, document, document

- · Override automatic compression release
- · Let them hang on
- Get assistance

Any and all - single or combo

- Can't stand unassisted
- Limited ROM neck, shoulder, arm etc.
- Overly medicated
- Developmentally disabled
- Partial or full paralysis

Don't just ask: "Can you stand?"

Mammography requires:

- * Balance
- * Stability
- * ROM

Ask them if they do things in their "real life" that require similar ability: i.e. "Do you get to and from the bathroom on your own?"

DO YOUR BEST.....

Positioning Dilemmas of Mammography

- · Body habitus issues
- Kyphosis
- Scoliosis
- Pectus carinatum
- Pectus excavatum
- Prominent abdomen
- Thick axilla

Recommendations:

- Try to do the standard views first to show the radiologist that an attempt was made
- · Add views as needed to image as much breast tissue as possible
- · Document, document, document

Scoliosis

Two different degrees of angulation for the MLOs can be used as each side of the thorax is different. i.e. 45 degrees on LMLO and 50 degrees on the RMLO

Breast Reduction - Mammoplasty



Again....Try something different

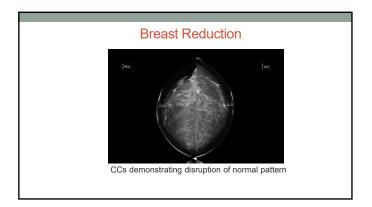
· Do the opposite

Instead of the CC do a "lordotic" CC Instead of the MLO or LM

Breast Reduction

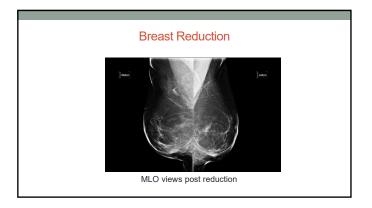
Typical mammographic findings include:

- · Alteration of parenchymal architecture
- · Cranial displacement of nipple
- Patchy densities due to tissue removal & scarring
- Development of fat necrosis
- Shortening of the pectoralis muscle: Use 35 degrees for MLO
- · Establish new baseline 6 months after surgery



Imaging Augmented Breasts

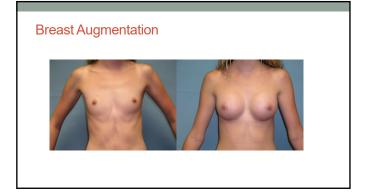
- As suggested by the ACR/CAR, 4 views of <u>each</u> breast should be performed to include:
- · Standard and Implant Displaced views
- · Assessment of the Implant includes:
- Location: subglandular or subpectoral
- · Type: Silicone, Saline or Mixed
- Contour: Evaluate for rupture, weakening & possible complications such as rupture/capsular formation



Remember!!

Full implant views are done for posterior breast tissue.

- On the full CC show deep posterior medial and lateral breast tissue (i.e. cleavage)
- The full MLO should visualize deep posterior breast (i.e. axilla and IMF)
- Compression should be applied just enough to immobilize the implant and present motion unsharpness



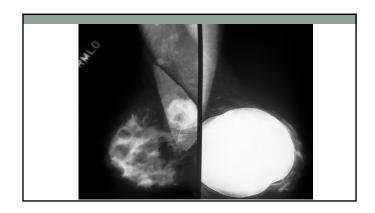
Remember!!

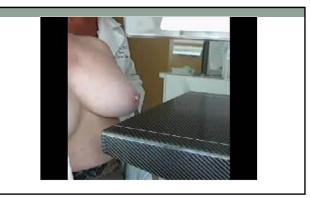
ID views are done to visualize anterior breast tissue:

- The CCID is done to show deep anterior breast tissue
- · The MLOID should visualize anterior breast
- It is rare to see the IMF on the ID views: no scientific evidence performing IMF "views" find more breast cancers
- · Taut compression may be applied

Suggestions for Implants

- Use only minimal compression on the full Implant views to prevent motion unsharpness
- · Sit the patient down for the ID views
- Stand behind the patient
- · Pull forward rather than push back





Patient with Challenging Personalities

- "IS THIS ALL YOU DO ALL DAY LONG?"
 Suggested response: Actually I really like my job
 because I know it makes a difference in people's lives.
 Thanks for asking. ;-)
- "IF I DIDN'T HAVE CANCER BEFORE I'M SURE I'LL GET IT NOW"
 Suggested response: Actually mammography is the

Suggested response: Actually mammography is the most highly scrutinized of all xray exams so you can be sure that the compression and exposure are very safe and does not cause cancer.



Patient with Challenging Personalities

THE PATIENT TRIES TO POSITION HERSELF:
Suggested response: "Thank you for wanting to help

Suggested response: "Thank you for wanting to help but this will go a lot quicker if I can position you, that's my job. Your job is to relax as best you can and let me know if the compression gets beyond the point of being uncomfortable."

Patient with Challenging Personalities

 THE PATIENT WILL NOT TOLERATE ADEQUATE COMPRESSION:

Suggested response: I understand that this is not a comfortable exam...and it is not supposed to be painful. But compression is a very important part of getting a good mammogram. So why don't we try again and this time I will use the hand control (vs foot) so the compression will come down very slowly.

Patient with Challenging Personalities

 NOTE: This is NOT about you so don't take it personally. Usually the situation may "turn around" quickly if you point this out to them.

Patient with Challenging Personalities

NOTE: If the patient will not allow adequate compression try to work with her and let her compress herself with the foot paddle. Studies show that patients compress themselves 30% more than a tech needs to compress.

Well, what's that all about? Control.

HANG IN THERE!!



Patient with Challenging Personalities

PATIENT IS RUDE OR CONDESCENING

Suggested response: Mrs. Smith, I appreciate that this is not a comfortable exam and it seems like you and I are not working well together as your comments are so negative. I am a medical professional trying to do what is required of me to get a good mammogram which benefits you. Would you like me to ask another technologist to step in and complete your exam?

THANK YOU!

- LOUISE MILLER
- louise@mammographyeducators.com