

Advanced Cardiopulmonary Support for the Critically Ill Adult

Cardiogenic Shock


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No Disclosures

Cardiogenic Shock: Definition


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End-organ hypoperfusion secondary to cardiac failure



Hemodynamics

- Persistent hypotension**
 - Systolic BP < 80-90 mmHg or
 - MAP 30 mmHg below baseline
- Cardiac Index**
 - < 1.8 L/min/m² without support
 - < 2.0 L/min/m² with support
- Elevated Filling Pressures**
 - LVEDP > 18 mmHg
 - RVEDP > 10-15 mmHg



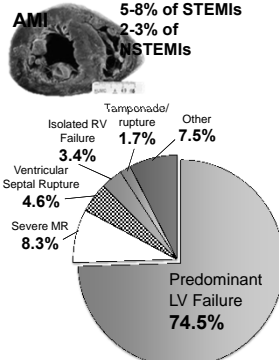
Clinical Signs/Symptoms

- Poor urine output
- Altered mentation
- Cool periphery
- Abdominal pain/N/V
- Lactic acidosis and ↓HCO₃
- Pulmonary congestion

Cardiogenic Shock: Incidence/Etiologies

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AMI 5-8% of STEMI, 2-3% of NSTEMI



Predominant LV Failure 74.5%

Severe MR 8.3%

Ventricular Septal Rupture 4.6%

Isolated RV Failure 3.4%

Tamponade/rupture 1.7%

Other 7.5%

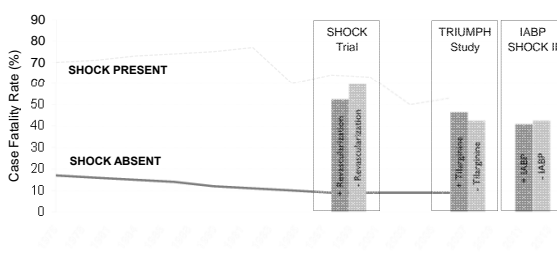
JACC 2000; 35: 1083

Other Etiologies

- Postcardiotomy shock
- Fulminant myocarditis
- Tako-tsubo Cardiomyopathy
 - 4.2% of cases complicated by CS
- Acute valvular regurgitation
 - Endocarditis
 - Trauma
 - Aortic dissection
- Decompensated severe aortic/mitral stenosis
- Primary graft failure
- Pulmonary embolism
- Drug overdose
- Toxic cardiomyopathy of sepsis

Cardiogenic Shock: Declining (But Still High) Case Fatality Rate

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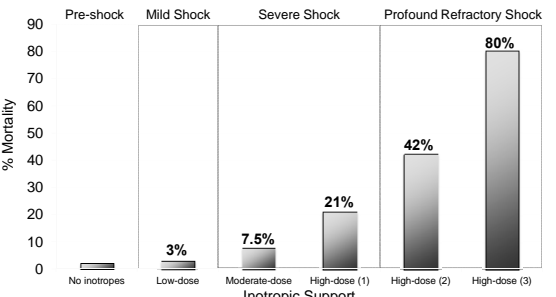
SHOCK PRESENT (Case Fatality Rate ~70-80%)

SHOCK ABSENT (Case Fatality Rate ~10-20%)

Adapted from Werdan et al. (European Heart Journal (2014) 35, 156-167. Goldberg et al. Circulation 2008;119: 1211-1219.

Cardiogenic Shock: A Spectrum of Disease

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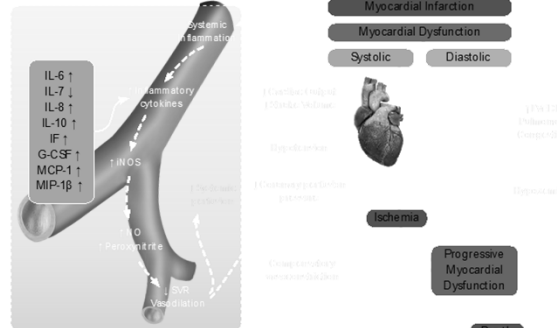
Inotropic Support	% Mortality
Pre-shock (No inotropes)	~2%
Mild Shock (Low-dose)	3%
Severe Shock (Moderate-dose)	7.5%
High-dose (1)	21%
High-dose (2)	42%
High-dose (3)	80%

HIGH DOSE: Epinephrine > 10 mcg/min; Dopamine > 10 mcg/kg/min; Dobutamine > 10 mcg/kg/min; Milrinone > 0.50 mcg/kg/min

Samuels LE. J Card Surg 1999;14:288-93

Cardiogenic Shock: Not Just Deranged Hemodynamics

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Systemic Circulation: IL-6 ↑, IL-7 ↓, IL-8 ↑, IL-10 ↑, IF ↑, G-CSF ↑, MCP-1 ↑, MIP-1β ↑

Myocardial Infarction

Myocardial Dysfunction

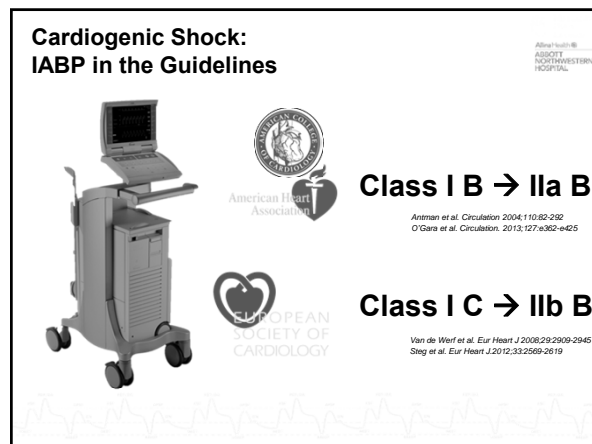
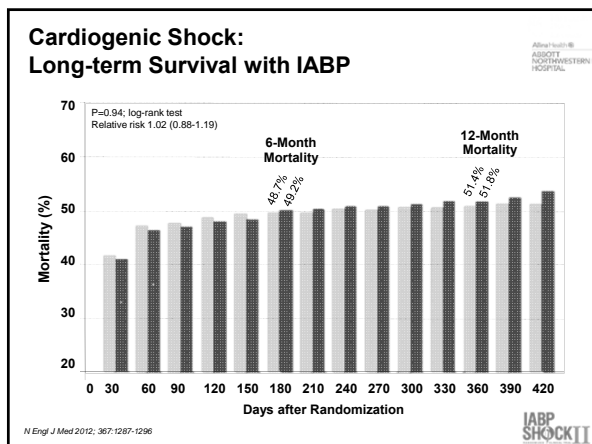
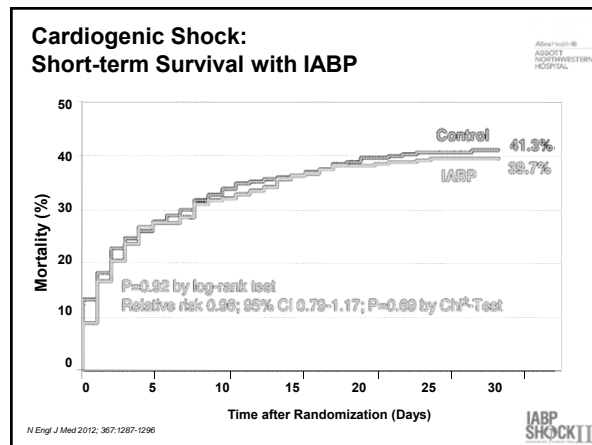
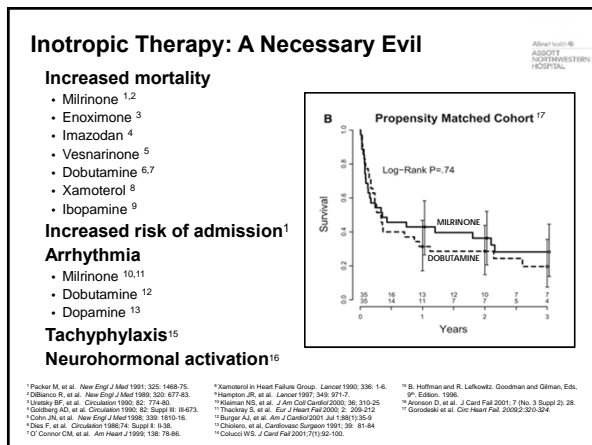
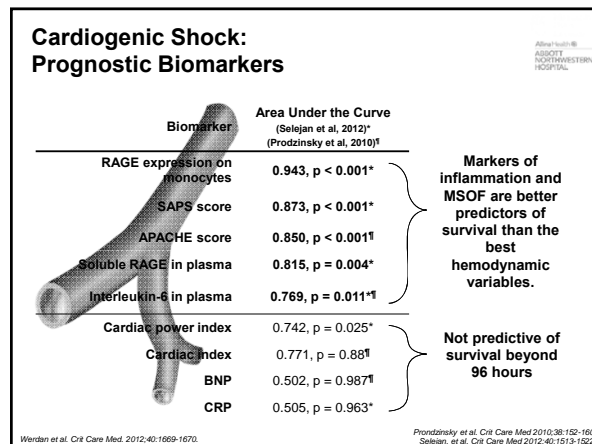
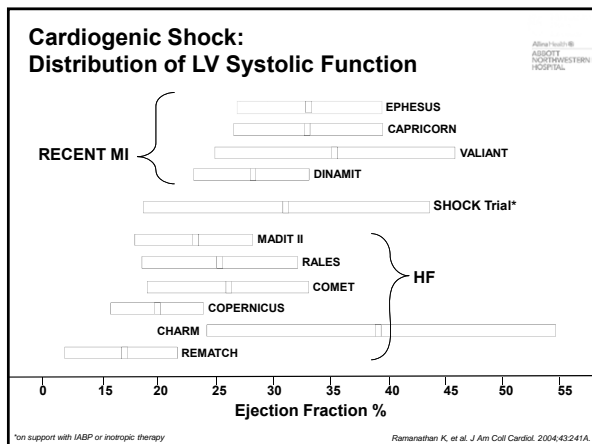
Systolic / **Diastolic**

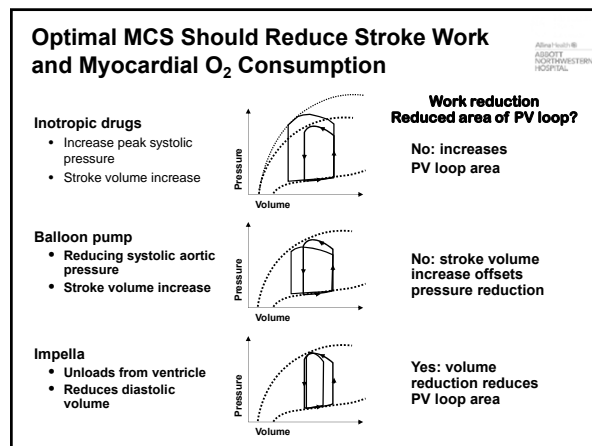
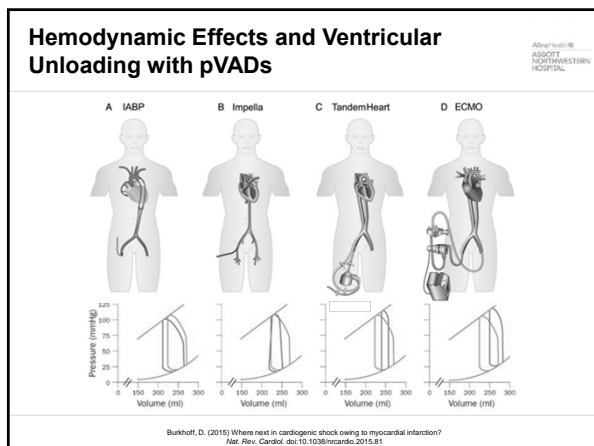
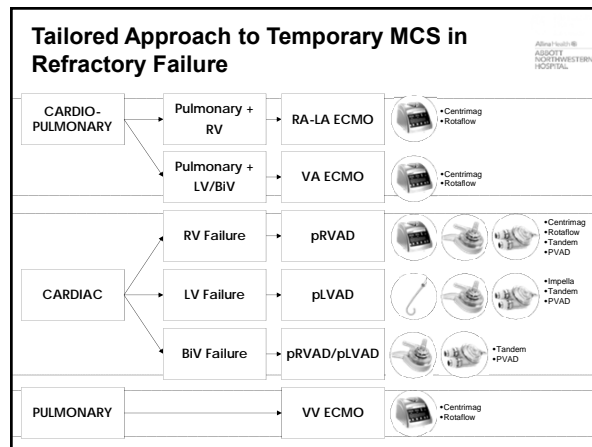
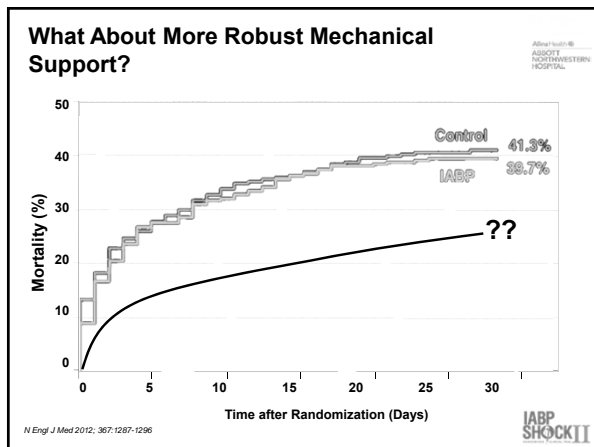
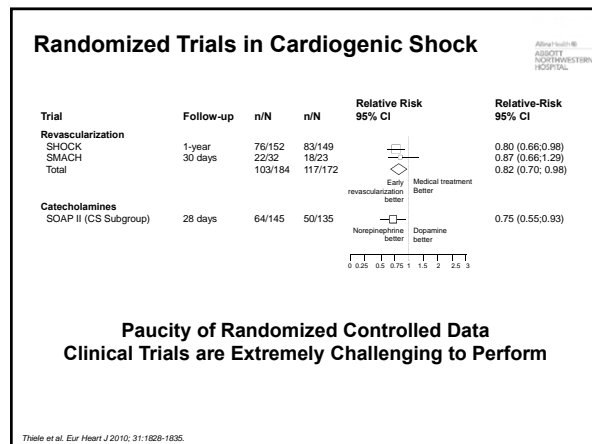
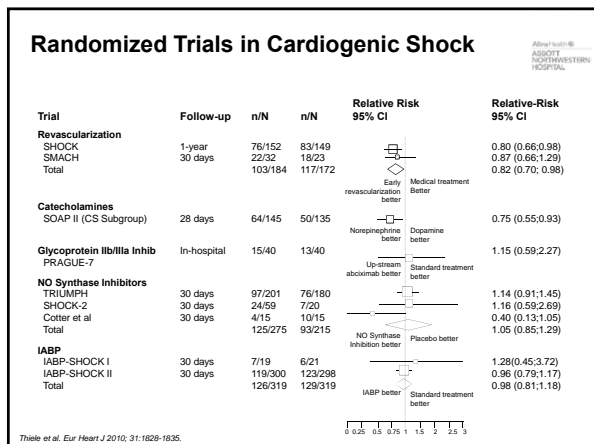
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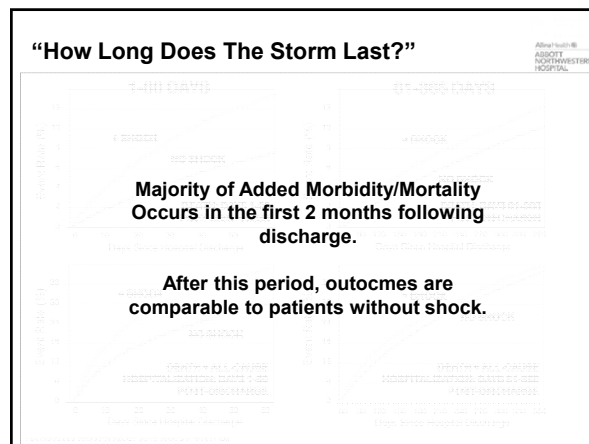
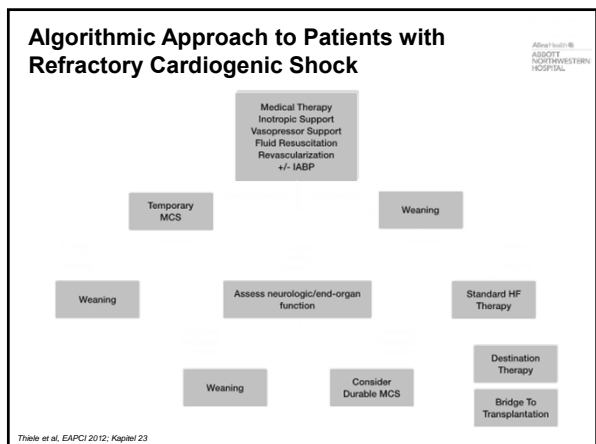
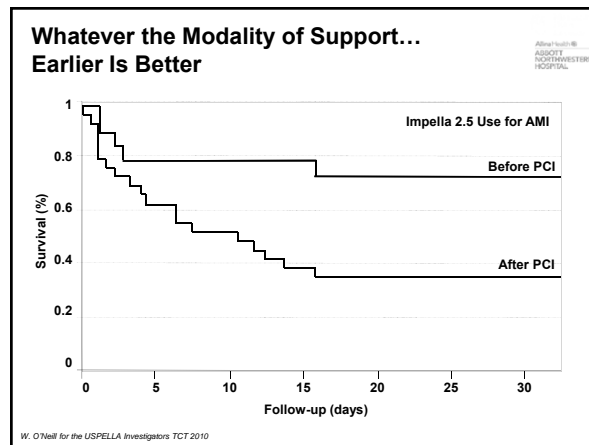
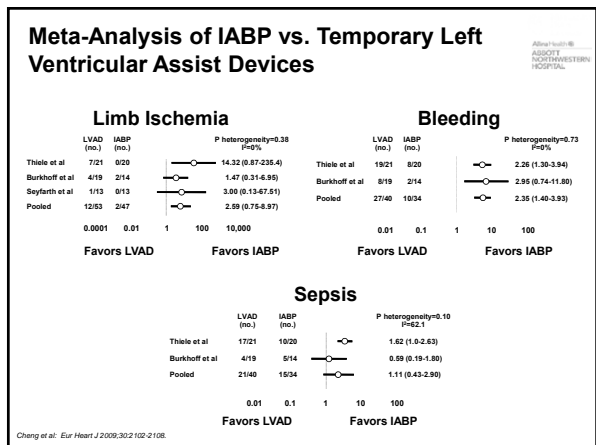
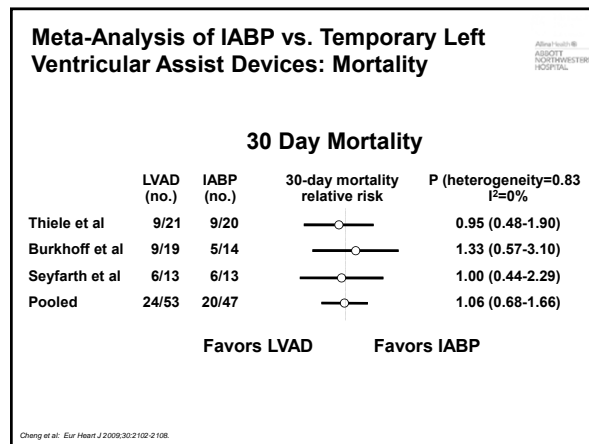
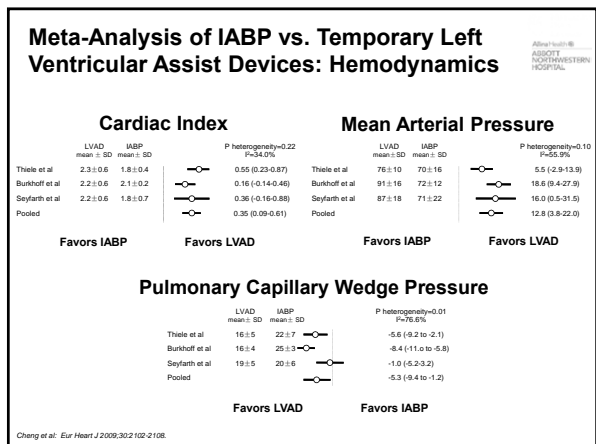
Progressive Myocardial Dysfunction

Death

Adapted from Hochman et al. Circulation. 2003;107:2998-3002 & Hollenberg et al. Ann Intern Med. 1999;131:47-59.

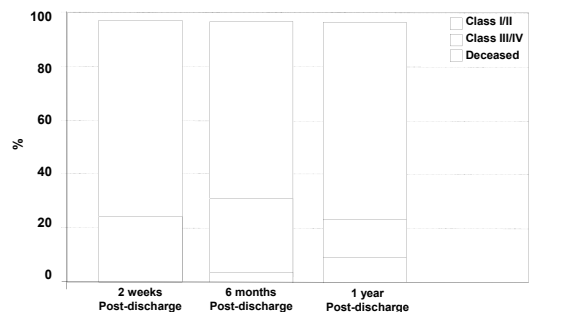






The Majority of Cardiogenic Shock Survivors Enjoy Good Functional Status/QOL

SHOCK Trial (Patients having undergone urgent revascularization)



Sleeper et al. J Am Coll Cardiol. 2005;46:266-273.

Cardiogenic Shock: Summary

- Cardiogenic shock continues to be associated with high morbidity/mortality.
- There is a spectrum of disease severity with nearly uniform mortality in those with the most severe shock.
- While historically considered a complication of AMI, increasingly seen in other clinical contexts.

Cardiogenic Shock: Summary

- Markers of end-organ dysfunction and inflammation may be more predictive of survival than hemodynamic variables.
- There few proven therapies and high quality clinical trial data is difficult to obtain.
- Guideline recommendations for IABP support have been downgraded due to recent trial results.
- Whether more robust mechanical support (Impella, Tandem Heart, VA ECMO, etc.) achieves superior survival has yet to be conclusively demonstrated and is critically dependent on patient selection.

Cardiogenic Shock: Summary

- In patients with adequate end-organ function (most critically neurologic function), temporary MCS may serve as a bridge to durable MCS/transplant.
- The first two months after hospitalization for cardiogenic shock represent the highest risk period for increased hospitalization/mortality.
- The majority of long-term survivors of cardiogenic shock have acceptable quality of life and functional status.